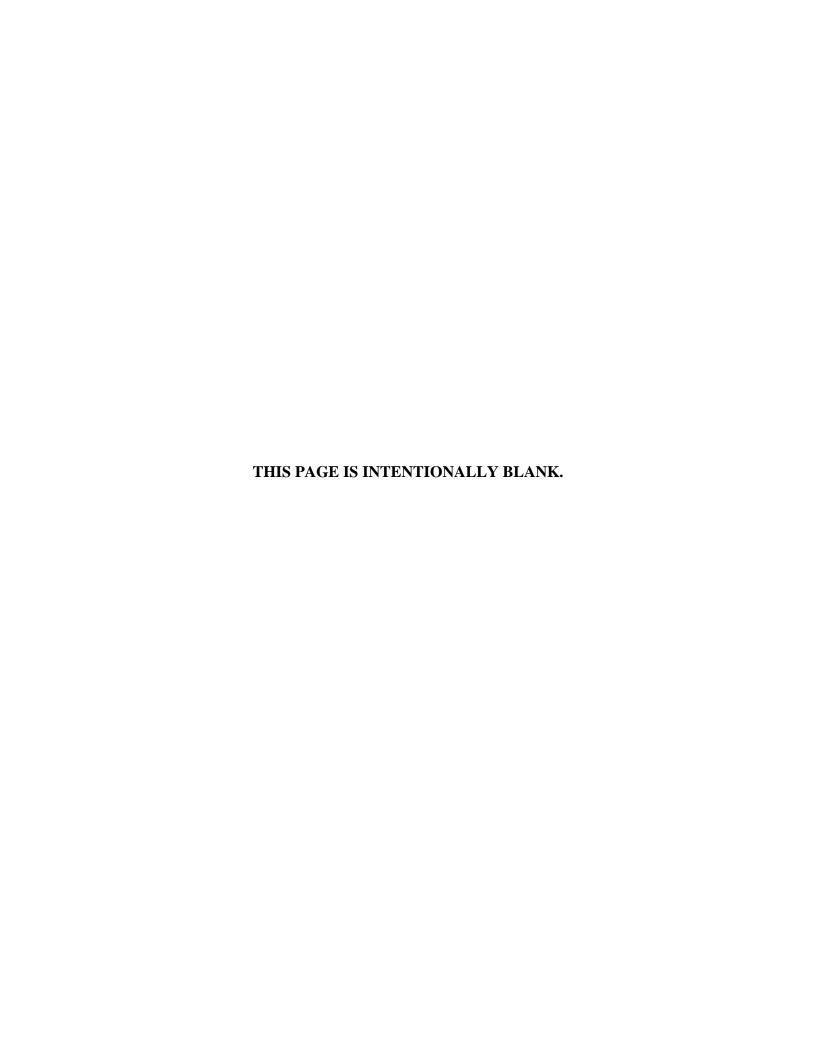
A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

for the fiscal year ended JUNE 30, 2014

King & Walker, CPAs, PL



DJB TECHNICAL ACADEMY, INC.A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of the DJB Technical Academy, Inc. a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DJB Technical Academy, Inc., ("School"), and a component unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, and Note to Required Supplementary Information, as shown in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2014 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

King & Walker, CPAS

August 26, 2014 Tampa, Florida

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - (Unaudited)

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the annual financial report of the DJB Technical Academy, Inc., ("School") provides an overview of the School's activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Because the information contained in the MD&A is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions, it should be considered in conjunction with the School's financial statements and notes to financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the School's expenses exceeded revenues as shown on the School's statement of activities by \$30,819.
- As shown on the balance sheet governmental funds, the School reported a total fund balance of \$22,148.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of three components:

- ✓ Government-wide financial statements
- ✓ Fund financial statements
- ✓ Notes to financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the School's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental activities of the School presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the government's financial position, its assets and liabilities, using an economic resources measurement focus. The difference between the assets and liabilities, the net position, is a measure of the financial health of the School. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the School's net position and the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the School's financial health is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall financial position of the School, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the School student base funding level.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's financial activities, focusing on its most significant funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entity-wide perspective contained in the government-wide statements.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the governmental funds utilize a spendable financial resources measurement focus rather than the economic resources measurement focus found in the government-wide financial statements. The financial resources measurement focus allows the governmental fund statements to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that may be used to evaluate the School's near-term financing requirements. This short-term view is useful when compared to the long-term view presented as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. To facilitate this comparison, both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation of governmental fund to governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the School's most significant funds. The School operates the following funds; a General Fund to account for its general operations and a Special Revenue Fund to account for Federal grant programs. For reporting purposes, the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are major funds of the School.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule, as required, has been provided for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following is a summary of the School's net position as June 30, 2014:

	Net Position, End of Year		
	Governmental Activities		
	6-30-14		
ASSETS			
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$	106,153 43,446	
Total Assets		149,599	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Long Term Liabilities		84,005 155,000	
Total Liabilities		239,005	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted		43,446 (132,852)	
Total Net Position	\$	(89,406)	

Since this was the first full year of operations, there were no prior year amounts for comparison. The current assets of the School primarily consist of cash, and amounts due from other government agencies. Liabilities consist primarily of accrued salaries and benefits payable, accounts payable, and a long term loan.

Total net position amounted to a deficit of \$132,852 as of June 30, 2014, as a result of obtaining a long term loan to assist in start of operations for school purposes.

The key elements of the changes in the School's net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Operating Results for the Year

_	Governmental Activities		
		6-30-14	
Revenues:		_	
Federal through State and Local State Sources Local and Other	\$	85,825 856,961 2,594	
Total Revenues		945,380	
Expenses:			
Instruction		313,574	
Pupil Personnel Services		49,061	
Instructional Staff Training		800	
Instructional Related Technology		30,625	
Board of Education		127,638	
School Administration		211,368	
Facilities Acq. & Construction		88,010	
Fiscal Services		40,549	
Pupil Transportation		53,935	
Operation of Plant		53,144	
Maintenance of Plant		4,161	
Unallocated Depreciation		3,334	
Total Expenses		976,199	
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$	(30,819)	

Since this was the first full year of operations, there were no prior year amounts for comparison. The largest revenue source for the School is the State of Florida (91%). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP formula utilizes student enrollment data to determine the funds available for the School.

The largest concentrations of expenses were for Instruction related functions (40%), and School Administration (22%), which primarily consists of management fees and district administration charges.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

As the School completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,148.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budgets for each fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were developed based on the School's anticipated revenues and expenditures and the expected student population for the school year. Over the course of the year, the school revised each fund's budget. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the actual expenditures were equal to the final budget. Refer to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for additional information regarding the School's budgets.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The School's capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014, amounts to \$43,446 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures, and equipment and leasehold improvements. Additional information regarding the School's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the DJB Technical Academy, Inc.'s finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to School Financial Services, Inc. Post Office Box 250 Bonifay, Florida 34425.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	 vernmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 84,775
Accounts Receivable	29
Due From Other Agency	12,029
Prepaid Expenses & Deposits	9,320
Capital Assets:	
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment, Net	8,869
Leashold Improvements, Net	 34,577
Total Capital Assets, Net	43,446
TOTAL ASSETS	 149,599
LIABILITIES	
Wages and Benefits Payable	40,278
Accounts Payable	43,727
Long-term Liabilities:	,,
Note Payable, due within one year	38,750
Note Payable, due after one year	116,250
TOTAL LIABILITIES	239,005
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	43,446
Unrestricted	(132,852)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (89,406)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Expenses	_	Charges for Services		gram Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	s	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities	_	Total
Governmental Activities:											
Instruction	\$	313,574	\$	-	\$	64,790	\$	-	\$ (248,784)	\$	(248,784)
Pupil Personnel Services		49,061							(49,061)		(49,061)
Instructional Staff Training		800				800			-		-
Instructional Related Technology		30,625				1,522			(29,103)		(29,103)
Board of Education		127,638				3,276			(124,362)		(124,362)
School Administration		211,368				15,298			(196,070)		(196,070)
Facilities Acquisition & Construction		88,010							(88,010)		(88,010)
Fiscal Services		40,549							(40,549)		(40,549)
Pupil Transportation		53,935							(53,935)		(53,935)
Operation of Plant		53,144							(53,144)		(53,144)
Maintenance of Plant		4,161				139			(4,022)		(4,022)
Unallocated Depreciation	_	3,334	_		_		_		 (3,334)		(3,334)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	976,199	\$	-	\$	85,825	\$		 (890,374)		(890,374)
		neral Reveni							070.004		
		tate Sources							856,961		856,961
	L	ocal and Oth							 2,594		2,594
		Total Gener							 859,555		859,555
		hange in Ne							(30,819)		(30,819)
	N	let Position -	July	<i>r</i> 1, 2013					(58,587)		(58,587)
	N	let Position -	Jun	e 30, 2014					\$ (89,406)	\$	(89,406)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

ASSETS	_	General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	84,775	\$	-	\$	84,775
Due From Other Agency				12,029		12,029
Accounts Receivable		29				29
Due from Other Funds		10,650				10,650
Prepaid Expenses & Deposits		9,320				9,320
Total Assets	\$	104,774	\$	12,029	\$	116,803
LIABILITIES Wages & Benefits Payable Due To Other Funds Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	40,278 42,348 82,626	\$	10,650 1,379 12,029	\$	40,278 10,650 43,727 94,655
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable		9,320		-		9,320
Spendable - Unassigned		12,828				12,828
Total Fund Balances		22,148		_		22,148
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	104,774	\$	-	\$	116,803

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 22,148
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of a note payable.	(155,000)
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	 43,446
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (89,406)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenues Intergovernmental:	_	General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	-	Total Governmental Funds
Federal Through Local	\$	_	\$	85,825	\$	85,825
State	Ψ	856,961	Ψ	00,020	Ψ	856,961
Local and Other		2,594				2,594
Total Revenues		859,555		85,825		945,380
Expenditures						
Current - Education:						
Instruction	\$	248,784	\$	64,790	\$	313,574
Pupil Personnel Services	·	49,061	•	- ,	•	49,061
Instructional Staff Training		•		800		800
Instructional Related Technology		29,103		1,522		30,625
Board of Education		124,362		3,276		127,638
School Administration		196,070		15,298		211,368
Facilities Acquisition & Construction		88,010				88,010
Fiscal Services		40,549				40,549
Pupil Transportation		53,935				53,935
Operation of Plant		53,005		139		53,144
Maintenance of Plant		4,161				4,161
Fixed Capital Outlay:						
Facilities Acquisition & Construction		21,009				21,009
Other Capital Outlay		9,546				9,546
Debt Service:						
Principal		5,357				5,357
Total Expenditures		922,952		85,825		1,008,777
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		(63,397)				(63,397)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Long Term Debt		32,197		-		32,197
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		32,197			_	32,197
Net Change in Fund Balances		(31,200)		-		(31,200)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2013		53,348			_	53,348
Fund Balances, June 30, 2014	\$	22,148	\$	-	\$	22,148

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (31,200)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays (\$30,555) in excess of depreciation expense (\$3,334) in the current period.	27,221
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	5,357
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in Governmental Funds and as long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(32,197)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (30,819)

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

DJB Technical Academy, Inc., ("School") is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation Board of Directors, which is comprised of not less than three members.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the District School Board of Lee County, Florida, ("District"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2018 and is subject to annual review and may be renewed by mutual agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter. In this case, the District is required to notify the school in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. In the event of termination of the charter, the District shall assume operation of the School. The School is considered a component unit of the District; therefore, for financial reporting purposes, the School is required to follow generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governmental units.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units which should be reported within the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

- General Fund to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> to account for certain Federal grant program resources and food service operations.

The remaining governmental funds are reported in the aggregate.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Under the modified

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as demand deposits, money market accounts, and short term investments with original maturities of eight months or less from date of acquisition. The School considers all demand accounts and money market funds which are not subjected to withdrawal restrictions to be cash and cash equivalents.

The School's deposits must be placed with banks and savings and loans which are qualified as public depositories, prior to receipt of public monies, under Chapter 280, Florida statutes and the School's policy. The School maintains its cash accounts with one qualified public depository. The accounts routinely exceed the federally insured limit of \$250,000. Monies deposited in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the bank's pledging securities with the state treasurer in the collateral pool. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit or custodial risk.

> Capital Assets

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general School purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as those costing more than \$750. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

DescriptionEstimated LivesFurniture, Fixtures and Equipment5 yearsLeasehold Improvements10-20 years

> Long-term Debt

Long-term obligations that will be financed by resources to be received in the future by the general fund are reported in the government-wide financial statements, not in the general fund. Current-year information relative to changes in long-term debt is described in subsequent notes.

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

> Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

Government-wide Financial Statements

Net Position are classified and reported in three components:

- <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the following fund balance categories:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to assets that are in nonspendable form.
- <u>Restricted</u> fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

- <u>Committed</u> fund balance that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Governance.
- <u>Assigned</u> fund balance that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- <u>Unassigned</u> fund balance that is the residual amount for the School's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. First, nonspendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including nonspendable amounts). Any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are to be classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to be classified as restricted fund balance when nonspendable amounts plus the amount of restricted fund balances for specific purposes exceed the positive fund balance for non-general funds.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33(17), Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the District.

Under provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP). Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students (FTE) reported by the School during designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. The Department may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the School's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the year when the adjustments are made.

The basic amount of funding through the FEFP under Section 1011.62 is the product of the (1) unweighted FTE, multiplied by (2) the cost factor for each program, multiplied by (3) the base student allocation established by the legislature. Additional funds for exceptional students who do not have a matrix of services are provided through the guaranteed allocation designated in Section

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

1011.62(1)(e)2., Florida Statutes. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the School reported 136.040 unweighted FTE and 142.211 weighted FTE.

FEFP funding may also be adjusted as a result of subsequent FTE audits conducted by the Florida Auditor General pursuant to Section 1010.305, Florida Statutes, and Rule 6A-1.0453, Florida Administrative Code (FAC). Schools are required to maintain the following documentation for three years or until the completion of an FTE audit:

- Attendance and membership documentation (Rule 6A-1.044, FAC).
- Teacher certificates and other certification documentation (Rule 6A-1.0503, FAC).
- Documentation for instructors teaching out-of-field (Rule 6A-1.0503, FAC).
- Procedural safeguards for weighted programs (Rule 6A-6.03411, FAC).
- Evaluation and planning documents for weighted programs (Section 1010.305, Florida Statutes, and Rule 6A-6.03411, FAC).

The School receives federal or state awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. This assistance is generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For federal or state awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based upon a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease, rent or construction of school facilities. The School also receives funding through donations and fundraising efforts, school lunch sales and local property tax collections.

The School follows the policy of applying restricted resources prior to applying unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

> Recently Issued Accounting Principles

In March 2012, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. GASB 65 clarifies the appropriate reporting of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to ensure consistency in financial reporting. GASB Concepts Statement (CON) 4, *Elements of Financial Statements*, specifies that recognition of deferred outflows and deferred inflows should be limited to those instances specifically identified in authoritative GASB pronouncements. Consequently, guidance was needed to determine which balances being reported as assets and liabilities should actually be reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, according to the definitions in CON 4. Based on those definitions, GASB 65 reclassifies and recognizes certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

and deferred inflows of resources. The requirements of GASB 65 were effective for the fiscal year 2014. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

> Income Taxes

The School is exempt from Federal tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been included in the accompanying financial statements. Additionally, no uncertain tax positions have been made requiring disclosure in the related notes to financial statements. The School's income tax returns for the past three years are subject to examination by tax authorities and may change upon examination.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the statement of net position and affect revenues and expenditures for the period presented. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

> Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all events subsequent to the balance sheet date and through the report date, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Management determined there are no subsequent events which require disclosure.

2. DUE FROM OTHER AGENCY

The amount Due from Other Agency included in the accompanying statement of net position and balance sheet – governmental funds consists of an amount for Charter School Implementation Grant revenue receivable recorded in the Special Revenue Fund. This receivable is considered to be fully collectible and as such, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2014, the General Fund was due \$10,650 from the Special Revenue Fund for expenditures awaiting reimbursement from other agencies. The amounts of interfund receivables, payables are netted together and not reported on the statement of net position and statement of activities.

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

4. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets are presented in the table below.

	Beginning		Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	\$ -	\$ 9,546	\$ -	\$ 9,546
Leasehold Improvements	16,500	21,009		37,509
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	16,500	30,555		47,055
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	-	(677)		(677)
Leasehold Improvements	(275)	(2,657)		(2,932)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(275)	(3,334)		(3,609)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 16,225	\$ 27,221	\$ -	\$ 43,446

Unallocated depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$3,334.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The School entered into a loan agreement with Tri-County Apprenticeship Academy, Inc. (Corporation) to fund the School's start-up costs of operations.

All long-term debt represents amounts to be repaid from governmental activities. As of June 30, 2014, the School's long-term debt consisted of the following note payable:

Tri-County Apprenticeship Academy, Inc.	Balance at 6-30-14
Promissory Note bearing no interest rate maturing June 2018. The borrower shall pay principal amortized over five (5) years from the July 31, 2013 inception date with no interest on the outstanding principal loan balance.	\$ 155,000

Amounts payable for the note payable is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Total		P	rincipal	Int	terest
Ending June 30						
2015	\$	38,750	\$	38,750	\$	-
2016		38,750		38,750		-
2017		38,750		38,750		-
2018		38,750		38,750		
Total	\$	155,000	\$	155,000	\$	

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

6. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
Notes Payable	\$ 128,160	\$ 32,197	\$ 5,357	\$ 155,000	\$ 38,750
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 128,160	\$ 32,197	\$ 5,357	\$ 155,000	\$ 38,750

7. SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE SOURCES

The following is a schedule of the School's State revenue:

Source	Amount			
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 544,630			
Class Size Reduction	130,581			
Supplementary Academic Instruction	64,823			
Instructional Materials	28,727			
Teacher Salary Allocation	25,654			
ESE Guaranteed Allocation	25,202			
Transportation	23,639			
Discretionary Local Effort	10,786			
Florida Teachers' Lead Program	1,559			
Miscellaneous State Revenue	1,360			
Total State Revenue	\$ 856,961			

As provided in the charter school contract, the District has charged the School an administrative fee totaling \$42,769.

8. OPERATING AGREEMENT

The School entered into a contract for the period February 14, 2013, to June 30, 2018, with Charter Schools Consultant Services, Inc. (CSCSI). The contract calls for CSCSI to provide the School with marketing, curriculum design and implementation; student and staff recruiting; principal selection; and general management of the School's operations. An annual fee is to be a sliding percentage based on the contract year of the School's FTE revenue less the School's administrative fee, to be paid in monthly installments. CSCSI will write all grants for the School and awarded grants will result in a fee of 9% of the grant, payable when funds are received. Fees under this agreement incurred to CSCSI during the fiscal year amounted to \$76,127.

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

9. FACILITY LEASE

The School entered into a 5 year non-cancelable operating lease for its educational facility beginning August 1, 2013, through July 31, 2018 with Tri-County Apprenticeship Academy, Inc. The facility will be used for the operation of DJB Technical Academy, Inc.

This lease can be renewed for 3 additional 5 year periods subject to mutual agreement of both parties. The School's rental expenditures under this lease agreement for the fiscal year amounted to \$68,750.

The following is a schedule, by years, of the School's portion of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30:	 Amount
2015	\$ 77,250
2016	79,568
2017	81,955
2018	84,413
Total Minimum	
Payments Required	\$ 323,186

10. RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The School participates in state grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies, therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivables at June 30, 2014, may be impaired.

In the opinion of the School, there are no significant liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

12. FUNDING AND CREDIT RISK CONCENTRATIONS

The School receives substantially all of its support and revenue from federal, state and local funding sources, passed through the District, in the form of performance and budget based contracts. Continuing operation of the School is greatly dependent upon the continued support of these governmental agencies.

13. LEGAL MATTERS

In the normal course of conducting its operations, the School occasionally becomes party to various legal actions and proceedings. The School has no legal actions or pending proceedings in progress.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND and MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund							Special Revenue Fund								
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:																
Intergovernmental:	_												_			
Federal Through Local	\$	\$ -	. \$	*	\$	-	\$	175,000	\$	85,825	\$	85,825	\$	-		
State	765,895	856,96		856,961		-		-		-		-		-		
Local and Other	123,311	2,59		2,594												
Total Revenues	889,206	859,55	5	859,555		-		175,000		85,825		85,825				
Expenditures:																
Current - Education:																
Instruction	324,241	248,78	4	248,784		-		102,359		64,790		64,790		-		
Pupil Personnel Services	24,727	49,06	1	49,061		-		-		-		-		-		
Instructional Staff Training	2,000	-		-		-		800		800		800		-		
Instructional Related Technology	16,619	29,10	3	29,103				4,968		1,522		1,522				
Board of Education	64,147	124,36	2	124,362		-		4,025		3,276		3,276		-		
School Administration	150,187	196,07		196,070		-		62,038		15,298		15,298		-		
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	88,796	88,01	0	88,010		-				-		-		-		
Fiscal Services	34,717	40,54		40,549		-				-		-		-		
Pupil Transportation	16,800	53,93	5	53,935		-				-		-		-		
Operation of Plant	105,189	53,00		53,005		-		810		139		139		-		
Maintenance of Plant	2,589	4,16	1	4,161		-				-		-		-		
Fixed Capital Outlay:																
Facilities Acquisition & Construction		21,00	9	21,009												
Other Capital Outlay		9,54	6	9,546		-				-		-		-		
Debt Service:																
Principal	5,357	5,35	7	5,357						-		-				
Total Expenditures	835,369	922,95	2	922,952		-		175,000		85,825		85,825		-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over																
Expenditures	53,837	(63,39	7)	(63,397)		-		-				-		-		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																
Proceeds from Long Term Debt	32,197	32,19		32,197		-	_			-	_	-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	32,197	32,19		32,197		-	_	-		-	_	-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	86,034	(31,20	,	(31,200)		-				-		-				
Fund Balances, July 1, 2013		53,34	8	53,348		-		-		-		-		-		
Fund Balances, June 30, 2014	\$ 86,034	\$ 22,14	8 \$	\$ 22,148	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

See Independent Auditor's Report.

A Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2014

1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Budgets may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the date for the annual report.



Members: Florida Institute of CPAs American Institute of CPAs Government Audit Quality Center 709 W. Azeele St. Tampa, FL 33606 office (813) 892-4274 fax (813) 253-0951 www.KingandWalker.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors of the DJB Technical Academy, Inc. a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DJB Technical Academy, Inc., ("School"), and a component unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

King & Walker, CPAS

August 26, 2014

Tampa, Florida



Members: Florida Institute of CPAs American Institute of CPAs Government Audit Quality Center 709 W. Azeele St. Tampa, FL 33606 office (813) 892-4274 fax (813) 253-0951 www.KingandWalker.com

Management Letter as Required by Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.850, Florida Statutes, *Charter School Audits*

To the Board of Directors of the DJB Technical Academy, Inc. a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the DJB Technical Academy, Inc., ("School"), a component unit of the District School Board of Lee County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2014.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated August 26, 2014, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Since this was the first year of operation, the School did not have findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether the School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.854(1)(e)5, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is DJB Technical Academy, Inc.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

King & Walker, CPAS

August 26, 2014

Tampa, Florida